# White Rose Maths Home Learning Video Links 

## Year 3

Summer Term Week 10<br>(w/c 2q ${ }^{\text {th }}$ June)

## Lesson I

Draw accurately
https://vimeo.com/43226483|

Lesson 2

Recognise and describe 2D shapes
https://vimeo.com/Ч32264925

Lesson 3

Recognise and describe 3D shapes https://vimeo.com/432265088

## Lesson 4

Tell the time to 5 minutes

## Draw accurately

How long is each line?a)

$\square$
b)

c)

$\square$ cm

2
Draw two lines that are each 5 cm long.

(3) Dani says the line is 10 cm long.

a) What mistake has Dani made?
$\qquad$
b) How long is the line? $\square$ cm

What is the length of each line in millimetres?
a)

$\square$ mm
b)

c) $\qquad$
$\square$ mm

5 Use a ruler to draw the lines
a) Draw a line 8 cm long.

b) Draw a line 80 mm long.


What do you notice about the lines you have drawn? Why is this?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(6) Use a ruler to help you answer the questions.
a) Draw a 4 cm by 4 cm square.

b) Measure the length of the diagonal.

Give your answer in millimetres.


7 Draw a rectangle 8 cm long and 32 mm wide.


8

b) Use your drawing to work out the perimeter of the triangle.


Match the shapes to the labels.


```
pentagon
```



## triangle

## hexagon

(2) Use the words to label the shapes.

b)

d)

(3) Dora and Ron each have a shape.


Why is Dora incorrect?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b)


Why might Ron think that? Talk to a partner.
What is the mathematical name for Ron's shape?
(4) Here are some shapes.
a) Circle all the quadrilaterals.

b) Draw three more quadrilaterals.


What do you notice about all the shapes you have drawn?
c) Is this shape a square?

Circle your answer. yes
no


Compare answers with a partner.

This shape is a hexagon.

Why is it a hexagon?

6 What is the name of each shape?

$\qquad$


$\qquad$
$\qquad$

How do you know? Talk about it with a partner.
(7) Each shape has at least one pair of parallel sides. Draw on the shapes to show the parallel sides.


## Recognise and describe 3D shapes

(1) Kim paints the faces of some 3D shapes.

She stamps the faces on to a sheet of paper.
Match the stamp to the 3D shape.

(2) A cube is a special type of cuboid.

(5)

Match the 3D shapes to the labels.


Here are some shapes.
a) Circle all the triangular prisms.

b) Circle all the spheres.


Complete the table.

| Shape | Number of <br> edges | Number of <br> faces | Number of <br> vertices |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

8 Here is a cuboid.

a) Shade a face that is a 5 cm by 3 cm rectangle.
b) What are the measurements of one of the other faces?


9 Huan sorts some shapes into prisms and non-prisms.


Talk to a partner about what a prism is like.
Can you find any prisms and non-prisms in your classroom?

## Telling the time to 5 minutes

Label the clock to show the number of minutes past the hour.

(2) Label the clock to show what time would be shown if the minute hand was pointing to each interval.


c)
a)

b)

d)

$\square$
minutes to

Draw the hands on the clocks to show the correct times.


15 minutes past 6
b)


15 minutes to 9
c)


25 minutes to 9
d)


5 minutes to 12

Jack wants to tell the time, but the hour hand has fallen off the clock.


Do you agree with Jack? $\qquad$

Talk about it with a partner.

Give three possible answers.

Compare answers with a partner. Can you find any more?

8 The numbers of the clock face were written in Roman numerals but they have been rubbed off.

The current time has a V in the hour and a V in the minutes.

What time could it be? Draw your answer on the clock.
Are there any other answers?
The minute hand and the hour hand of a clock are both pointing to an even number.

It is before midday. What times could it be?


