

Anne Frank



- Born in Germany on 12th June 1929
- Parents: Otto and Edith
- Sister: Margot
- Lively and outgoing, had lots of friends.
- Enjoyed writing, going for family trips out to the seaside, riding her bike.

The Second World War

In 1933, Adolf Hitler became the leader of Germany. Anne was Jewish but Hitler despised Jews. He blamed them for Germany's problems. Otto Frank moved to Amsterdam in the Netherlands when Anne was four years old. The Second World War began in 1939. The Nazis invaded the Netherlands in 1940. Life became hard for Jewish people. They

were forced to wear a yellow star.

Anne received a red diary for her thirteenth birthday. Anne named her diary 'Kitty'; she began to write in it every day. Anne loved to write.



Going Into Hiding

Otto Frank had a secret annexe behind his office. Anne and her family hid away from the

Nazis for two years. Anne wrote in 'Kitty' every day.

Captured

Towards the end of the war, Anne and her family were betrayed and the Nazis found their hiding place. The family was split up and sent to a concentration camp. Anne died just a month before the end of the war from a disease called typhus. She was fifteen years old when she died. Only Otto Frank survived. He decided to publish Anne's diary.





Anne Frank had dreams of becoming a writer. Her diary shows her courage and hopefulness.

“Think of all the beauty still left around you and be happy.”

Anne Frank

“No one has ever become poorer by giving.”

Anne Frank

Anne Frank Timeline

1929	12th June: Anne is born in Germany.
1933	Adolf Hitler comes to power as leader of Germany. Anne Frank moves to Amsterdam.
1940	May: Germany invades the Netherlands.
1942	Jews must wear a yellow star. 14th June: Anne begins her journal. July: Anne’s family go into hiding.
1944	4th August: The Franks are discovered and arrested. 3rd September: The Franks are taken to a concentration camp.
1945	March: Anne dies from Typhus.
1947	Anne’s father Otto publishes her journal.

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Questions

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?

2. What is the best meaning for 'lively and outgoing'? Tick one answer.

- ☐ Full of life and energy
- ☐ Naughty and mischievous
- ☐ Quiet and laid-back

3. Use the information to find two things that Anne Frank enjoyed doing.

4. Who was Adolf Hitler?

5. When the Nazis invaded the Netherlands in 1940, life became hard for Jews. What were they made to do?

6. Anne received a red journal for her thirteenth birthday. What did she name it?

7. Otto Frank had a secret annexe to hide his family from the Nazis. Why did he do this? Tick the reason that is false.

- ☐ If they were caught, the family would be sent to a concentration camp.
- ☐ Otto Frank wanted to keep his family safe.
- ☐ The Nazis blamed the Jews for Germany's problems so the Jews were in danger.
- ☐ Anne Frank liked to play 'hide and seek'.

8. Anne Frank hid in the secret annexe for two years. How would you feel if you had to stay hidden for so long?

Answers

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?

Anne Frank was born on 12th June, 1929 in Germany.

2. What is the best meaning for 'lively and outgoing'? Tick one answer.

Full of life and energy

3. Use the information to find two things that Anne Frank enjoyed doing.

Choose any two from: writing, family trips to the seaside, riding a bike.

4. Who was Adolf Hitler?

Adolf Hitler was the leader of Germany.

5. When the Nazis invaded the Netherlands in 1940, life became hard for Jews. What were they made to do?

Jews were made to wear a yellow star.

6. Anne received a red journal for her thirteenth birthday. What did she name it?

Anne named her journal Kitty.

7. Otto Frank had a secret annexe to hide his family from the Nazis. Why did he do this? Tick the reason that is false.

Anne Frank liked to play 'hide and seek'.

8. Anne Frank hid in the secret annexe for two years. How would you feel if you had to stay hidden for so long?

Answers should show empathy with Anne Franks situation and may include the following themes:

- **Feeling trapped**
- **Being fearful of discovery**
- **A longing to go outside**
- **A wish to do 'normal' things like riding a bike, going for a walk**

Anne Frank



Who was Anne Frank?

Anne Frank was born in Frankfurt, Germany on 12th June, 1929. Her parents were Otto and Edith and she had an older sister, Margot. Anne was lively and outgoing. She had lots of friends and she enjoyed writing, going for family trips out to the seaside and riding her bike.

The Second World War

In 1933, Adolf Hitler became the leader of Germany and life was never the same again. Anne was Jewish and Hitler despised Jews. He unfairly blamed them for many of Germany's problems. To keep his family safe, Otto Frank moved to Amsterdam in the Netherlands when Anne was just four years old. However, the Second World War began in 1939, and in 1940, the Nazis invaded the Netherlands.



Life became hard for Jewish people, who were forced to wear a yellow star and were not allowed to own businesses. Anne celebrated her thirteenth birthday and received a red journal that was to become a record of her experiences as a Jew in the Second World War. Anne loved to write and, naming her journal 'Kitty', she began to write in it every day.

Going Into Hiding

Otto Frank had a secret annexe behind his office where his family could hide away from the Nazis. After packing what they could, the family went quickly to the small annexe and with the help of friends, hid away for two years. Anne wrote in 'Kitty' every day. Her journal tells us about how her family struggled to stay alive.

Captured

Eight people were able to hide in the annexe. They had to be very quiet, walking barefoot and hanging



heavy curtains at the windows. Anne often wrote about how tired she was of living in the cramped space. Towards the end of the war, Anne and her family were betrayed and the Nazis found their hiding place.

The End

In 1944, the families were arrested, split up and sent to concentration camps. Anne died just a month before the end of the war from a disease called typhus. She was just fifteen years old. The only family member to survive was Otto Frank. When he returned to Amsterdam, he decided to publish Anne's journal. It has been read all over the world and is translated into sixty-five languages.



"Think of all the beauty still left around you and be happy."

Anne Frank

Anne Frank Timeline

1929	12th June: Anne is born in Germany.
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Questions

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?

2. Who was Adolf Hitler?

3. Otto Frank decided to move his family from Germany because it was becoming dangerous for Jews. Give two reasons why it was dangerous.

4. Where did Anne Frank and her family move to?

5. Give two ways life became hard for Jewish people.

6. What gift did Anne Frank receive on her thirteenth birthday?

7. Use information from the text to show whether these statements are fact or opinion.

	Fact	Opinion
Anne loved to write.		
Anne would write every day.		
Anne named her diary 'Kitty' because her journal was like a friend to her.		

8. Where was the secret annexe Otto Frank used to hide his family? Tick the answer that is correct.

- ☐ In the cellar of his office.
- ☐ Behind his office.
- ☐ In a friends house.
- ☐ In a cupboard under the stairs.

Questions

9. Eight people lived in the secret annexe. Give two ways they were able to stay hidden.

10. How old was Anne Frank when she died?

Answers

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?
Anne Frank was born on 12th June 1929 in Frankfurt, Germany
2. Who was Adolf Hitler?
Adolf Hitler was the leader of Germany.
3. Otto Frank decided to move his family from Germany because it was becoming dangerous for Jews. Give two reasons why it was dangerous.
It was dangerous for Jews in Germany because Adolf Hitler despised Jews and he unfairly blamed Jews for many of Germany's problems.
4. Where did Anne Frank and her family move to?
Anne and her family moved to Amsterdam in the Netherlands.
5. Give two ways life became hard for Jewish people.
Life became hard for Jews because they were forced to wear a yellow star and they were not allowed to own businesses.
6. What gift did Anne Frank receive on her thirteenth birthday?
Anne Frank received a red journal on her thirteenth birthday.
7. Use information from the text to show whether these statements are fact or opinion.
Anne loved to write. **Fact.**
Anne would write every day. **Fact.**
Anne named her diary 'Kitty' because her journal was like a friend to her. **Opinion.**
8. Where was the secret annexe Otto Frank used to hide his family? Tick the answer that is correct.
Behind his office.
9. Eight people lived in the secret annexe. Give two ways they were able to stay hidden.
To stay hidden, the people in the secret annexe walked barefoot to be quiet and hung heavy curtains at the windows so people couldn't see them.
10. How old was Anne Frank when she died?
Anne Frank was fifteen years old when she died.

Anne Frank



Anne Frank was born in Frankfurt, Germany on 12th June, 1929. Her parents were named Otto and Edith and her elder sister was named Margot. Anne was passionate and vivacious. Growing up, she had many friends and her early life in Germany was like that of any other child: going for family trips out to the seaside and riding her bike.

In 1933, Adolf Hitler became the leader of Germany and life for Anne was never the same again. As leader of the Nazi political party, Hitler despised Jews. He unfairly blamed them for many of Germany's problems. Jewish people were forced to wear a yellow star and were not allowed to own or run businesses. As a result, many Jews left Germany in search of a safer place to live. Anne and her family were Jewish, so they moved to Amsterdam in the Netherlands when she was just four years old.



For a while, life seemed to be safe and normal again. With the outbreak of the Second World War in 1939, Anne's father feared the Nazis would invade the Netherlands. In 1940, that is exactly what happened.



Despite this, Anne happily celebrated her thirteenth birthday and received a red journal that was to become a record of her experiences as a Jew in the Second World War. Anne loved to write and, naming her journal 'Kitty', she began to do so every day. She wrote about her wish for the war to end and other hopes for the future.

Otto Frank began to plan a safe hiding place for his family. He had a secret annexe behind his office where his family could hide away from the Nazis, safe and unseen. After packing what they could, the family moved quickly to the small annexe. They hid away for two years with the help of friends. Anne wrote in 'Kitty' every day.



In total, eight people hid away in the annexe. They had to be very quiet, walking barefoot and hanging heavy curtains at the windows. Anne described the families she lived with and often wrote about how tired she was of living in the cramped space. Just as news about the nearing end of the war reached the Franks, they were betrayed and the Nazis found their hiding place.

In 1944, the families were arrested, split up and sent to concentration camps. Anne was sent with Margot. In 1945, just a month before the end of the war, they died from a disease called typhus. Anne was just fifteen years old.

The only family member to survive was Otto Frank. When he returned to Amsterdam, he found Anne's journal. He decided to publish it, sharing Anne's personal thoughts and sufferings with the world. It has been read all over the world and is translated into sixty-five languages.



Anne Frank Timeline

1929	12th June: Anne is born in Germany.
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Questions

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?

2. Anne is described as 'vivacious'. Tick the word with the closest meaning.

☐ Lively, happy

☐ Mischievous

☐ Angry

☐ Quiet

3. Who was Adolf Hitler?

4. Explain why Otto Frank was worried about his family when Adolf Hitler became the leader of Germany.

5. Where did Otto Frank take his family to live safely?

6. Jews were made to wear a yellow star. Why do you think the Nazis made this rule?

7. Otto Frank planned a secret annexe for his family to hide from the Nazis. Give two ways the occupants helped to stay hidden.

8. What gift did Anne Frank receive on her thirteenth birthday?

Questions

9. Anne named her journal 'Kitty'. What does this tell you about how she felt about the journal?

10. After the war, Otto Frank decided to publish Anne's journal. What is the reason given in the text for doing this?

Answers

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?
Anne Frank was born on June 12th, 1929 in Frankfurt, Germany.
2. Anne is described as 'vivacious'. Tick the word with the closest meaning.
Lively, happy.
3. Who was Adolf Hitler?
Adolf Hitler was the leader of the Nazi Political Party in Germany.
4. Explain why Otto Frank was worried about his family when Adolf Hitler became the leader of Germany.
Because the Frank's were Jewish, Otto Frank was worried about the safety of his family. This was because Adolf Hitler despised Jews, unfairly blaming them for Germany's problems. Hitler began to make life difficult for Jews and Otto Frank felt his family would be in danger.
5. Where did Otto Frank take his family to live safely?
Otto Frank took his family to live in Amsterdam, in the Netherlands.
6. Jews were made to wear a yellow star. Why do you think the Nazi's made this rule?
Jewish people were made to wear a yellow star so that the Nazi's could easily identify them.
7. Otto Frank planned a secret annexe for his family to hide from the Nazis. Give two ways the occupants helped to stay hidden.
To stay hidden, the people in the secret annexe had to walk barefoot so they didn't make a noise, and hang heavy curtains at the windows so no one could see them.
8. What gift did Anne Frank receive on her thirteenth birthday?
Anne received a red journal for her thirteenth birthday.
9. Anne named her journal 'Kitty'. What does this tell you about how she felt about the journal?
By giving her journal a name, it was like she was talking to a friend. She could write down her thoughts and secrets. Because she was trapped in the annexe she might have felt lonely, so the journal was a way she could be free.
10. After the war, Otto Frank decided to publish Anne's journal. What is the reason given in the text for doing this?
By publishing Anne's journal, Otto Frank could share her personal thoughts and sufferings with the world.

Three Diary Extracts Written By Anne Frank

July 9th 1942: "Here's a description of the building... A wooden staircase leads from the downstairs hallway to the third floor. At the top of the stairs is a landing, with doors on either side. The door on the left takes you up to the spice storage area, attic and loft in the front part of the house. A typically Dutch, very steep, ankle-twisting flight of stairs also runs from the front part of the house to another door opening onto the street. The door to the right of the landing leads to the Secret Annex at the back of the house. No one would ever suspect there were so many rooms behind that plain grey door. There's just one small step in front of the door, and then you're inside. Straight ahead of you is a steep flight of stairs. To the left is a narrow hallway opening onto a room that serves as the Frank family's living room and bedroom. Next door is a smaller room, the bedroom and study of the two young ladies of the family. To the right of the stairs is a windowless washroom with a sink. The door in the corner leads to the toilet and another one to Margot's and my room... Now I've introduced you to the whole of our lovely Annex!"

August 21st 1942: "Now our Secret Annex has truly become secret. Because so many houses are being searched for hidden bicycles, Mr. Kugler thought it would be better to have a bookcase built in front of the entrance to our hiding place. It swings out on its hinges and opens like a door. Mr. Voskuil did the carpentry work. (Mr. Voskuil has been told that the seven of us are in hiding, and he's been most helpful.) Now whenever we want to go downstairs we have to duck and then jump. After the first three days we were all walking around with bumps on our foreheads from banging our heads against the low doorway. Then Peter cushioned it by nailing a towel stuffed with wood shavings to the doorframe. Let's see if it helps!"

October 20th 1942: "My hands still shaking, though it's been two hours since we had the scare... The office staff stupidly forgot to warn us that the carpenter, or whatever he's called, was coming to fill the extinguishers... After working for about fifteen minutes, he laid his hammer and some other tools on our bookcase (or so we thought!) and banged on our door. We turned white with fear. Had he heard something after all and did he now want to check out this mysterious looking bookcase? It seemed so, since he kept knocking, pulling, pushing and jerking on it. I was so scared I nearly fainted at the thought of this total stranger managing to discover our wonderful hiding place..."



Fronted Adverbials:

What Is a Fronted Adverbial?



Fronted Adverbial Hunt

What is an adverbial?

An adverbial is a word, phrase or clause that is used, like an adverb, to modify a verb or a clause. Adverbs can be used as adverbials, but many other types of words, phrases and clauses can be used in this way, including prepositional phrases and subordinate clauses.

What is a fronted adverbial?

When an adverbial is used at the beginning of a sentence, they are often called 'fronted adverbials'.



Next Steps: Types of Fronted Adverbial

Fronted adverbials are used to describe...

the **time** something happens,

e.g. **Before sunrise**, Darius crept into the beast's cave.

the **frequency** (how often) something happens,

e.g. **Every so often**, Darius could hear the beast's ferocious snore.

the **place** something happens,

e.g. **At the back of the cave**, the terrifying creature began to stir.

the **manner** something happens,

e.g. **As quick as a flash**, Darius bounded behind a nearby rock.

the **possibility** (how likely) something will/has happen(ed),

e.g. **Almost certainly**, the deadly beast would find Darius.

Did you notice
how the fronted
adverbials were
punctuated?

Next Steps: Adding Commas

Every fronted adverbial word, phrase or clause needs to be followed by a comma to separate it from the main clause of the sentence. Look where the comma goes in this fronted adverbial sentence.

Slowly and carefully, they released the juvenile badger back into the wild.

Fronted Adverbial Hunt

Look at the fronted adverbials in this piece of text. They describe the **time**, **frequency**, **manner**, **place** or **possibility** of the action in the main clause.

Against all the odds, Captain Curk got to his rocket before his oxygen supply ran out. **Back in the safety of his shuttle**, he removed his helmet and began to prepare for take-off. **Suddenly**, there was a loud crash at the shuttle door. The aliens must have caught up with him. **Feeling intimidated**, the captain quickly strapped himself into his seat as the door began to buckle. **Almost certainly**, the aliens would capture him if he didn't leave this planet right away. **With a trembling finger**, he pressed the launch button...10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1...BLAST OFF!

Seconds later, Curk was in the air but something was wrong. The fuel tank gauge showed a dangerously low level of fuel. The extra-terrestrial creatures must have caused it to leak. **Sputtering noisily**, the spacecraft started to stall. What was the captain going to do?

Writing Your Own Fronted Adverbials: ISPACE

Using ISPACE can help you remember six different ways to create fronted adverbials...



-Ing word

e.g. Shaking with fear, ...



Simile

e.g. Like a raging bull, ...



Preposition

e.g. Behind the clouds, ...



Adverb

e.g. Anxiously, ...



Conjunction

e.g. After he opened his eyes, ...



-Ed word

e.g. Exhausted, ...

Practise Your Skills



Now, it's your turn.

Using the ISPACE acronym to help, can you invent a fronted adverbial to describe the time, frequency, manner, place or possibility of the action in this main clause?

_____, the jubilant winner
of the talent contest celebrated.

Let's hear some of your fronted adverbial ideas. How does changing the fronted adverbial affect the meaning of the whole sentence?

Practise Your Skills



Now, it's your turn.

Using the ISPACE acronym to help, can you invent a fronted adverbial to describe the time, frequency, manner, place or possibility of the action in this main clause?

_____, the parachutist
landed with a bump.

Let's hear some of your fronted adverbial ideas. How does changing the fronted adverbial affect the meaning of the whole sentence?

Practise Your Skills



Now, it's your turn.

Using the ISPACE acronym to help, can you invent a fronted adverbial to describe the time, frequency, manner, place or possibility of the action in this main clause?

_____, the trees were covered with a fine dusting of snow.

Let's hear some of your fronted adverbial ideas. How does changing the fronted adverbial affect the meaning of the whole sentence?

Practise Your Skills



Now, it's your turn.

Using the ISPACE acronym to help, can you invent a fronted adverbial to describe the time, frequency, manner, place or possibility of the action in this main clause?

_____, she began to cry.

Let's hear some of your fronted adverbial ideas. How does changing the fronted adverbial affect the meaning of the whole sentence?

Name: Date: 6
total marks

Fronted Adverbials Mini Test

1. Tick **all** the sentences that contain a **fronted adverbial**.

Walking across the field, the children became very muddy.

☐

It was great fun doing the washing up.

☐

Her mum works in an office.

☐

Standing by Emma, Jack hopped on one leg.

☐

1 mark

2. Make three fronted adverbial sentences from the blue and orange tiles. Your sentences must make sense.

After that,	As quickly as possible,	Without reason,
In the morning,	Back at the house,	Unexpectedly,
Fortunately,	Once a year,	While I was waiting,

I tried again.	we are going to the seaside.	my computer screen turned off.
Dad was cleaning the kitchen.	we celebrate Christmas.	she reappeared right in front of us.
I checked my coat pocket and my lunch money was there.	she ran back from school.	I drew a picture in my journal.

3 marks

1.

2.

3.

total for this page

3. Underline the adverbials, circle the verbs.

Before the sun came up, he ate his breakfast.

All night long, she danced.

As fast as he could, the rabbit hopped.

Under the clock, he stood.

4. Insert the comma in the correct place to demarcate the fronted adverbial.

Before the sun came up she stood and waited.

In the dead of night the black cat began to wake.

Throughout the film my sister talked on her phone.

Positively trembling with excitement he accepted the award.

Unfortunately they arrived after the film had started.

In the blink of an eye the magician was gone.

1 mark

1 mark

..
END OF TEST

total for
this page

- 1 Tick **all** the sentences that contain a **fronted adverbial**.

Walking across the field, the children became very muddy.

☒

It was great fun doing the washing up.

☐

Her mum works in an office.

☐

Standing by Emma, Jack hopped on one leg.

☒

1 mark

- 2 Make three fronted adverbial sentences from the blue and orange tiles. Your sentences must make sense.

3 marks

After that,	As quickly as possible,	Without reason,
In the morning,	Back at the house,	Unexpectedly,
Fortunately,	Once a year,	While I was waiting,

I tried again.	we are going to the seaside.	my computer screen turned off.
Dad was cleaning the kitchen.	we celebrate Christmas.	she reappeared right in front of us.
I checked my coat pocket and my lunch money was there.	she ran back from school.	I drew a picture in my journal.

Multiple answers possible. Sentences **must** make sense. Examples:

Once a year, we celebrate Christmas.

While I was waiting, my computer screen turned off.

Unexpectedly, she reappeared in front of us.

- 3 Underline the adverbials, circle the verbs.

1 mark

Before the sun came up, he ate his breakfast.

All night long, she danced.

As fast as he could, the rabbit hopped.

Under the clock, he stood.

- 4 Before the sun came up, she stood and waited.

1 mark

In the dead of night, the black cat began to wake.

Throughout the film, my sister talked on her phone.

Positively trembling with excitement, he accepted the award.

Unfortunately, they arrived after the film had started.

In the blink of an eye, the magician was gone.

Fronted Adverbials

Fronted Adverbials are words or phrases at the beginning of a sentence which are used to describe the action that follows.

Time	Frequency	Place	Manner	Possibility
Afterwards, Already, Always, Immediately, Last month, Now, Soon, Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow, Next year, In January, On Tuesday, In the morning, After a while, As soon as she could, Before long, All of a sudden, In the blink of an eye, Just then, Eventually, Later,	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Rarely, Every second, Twice a year, Once a minute, Once, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never in my life, Never before,	Above the clouds, Below the sea, Here, Outside, Over there, There, Under the ground, Upstairs, In the distance, Between the sea and the sky, Everywhere she looked, Around the tent, Back at the house, Nearby, Down by the cliffs, Behind the shed, In the wooden box, Over my bed, Somewhere near here, Far away, Wherever they went, North of here,	Sadly, Slowly, Happily, Awkwardly, Bravely, Like a ... , As quick as a flash, As fast as he could, Without a sound, Without warning, Unexpectedly, Unfortunately, Suddenly, Mysteriously, Frantically, Anxiously, Courageously, Silently, Curiously, Nervously, Rapidly, Carefully,	Almost unbelievably, Much admired, Nearly asleep, Quite understandably, Really happily, Perhaps, Maybe, Just arrived, Certainly amused, Obviously angry, Definitely confused, Completely exhausted, Barely alive, Out of breath, Decidedly unimpressed, Perfectly confident, Positively trembling with excitement, Purely practically, Somewhat flustered, Utterly joyous, Totally overwhelmed,

